

FM . 가

FM . 가

FM

가

가

.

FM

.

SUMMARY

In this study, we propose the measuring method of necessary bandwidth and occupied bandwidth for the various services. In order to measurement a quality of the VHF FM broadcasting, we have verified the NBW(necessary frequency bandwidth) and the OBW(occupied frequency bandwidth) for monophonic sound, stereophonic sound and the other services in the VHF broadcasting frequency band and in the future, we will perform the technical regulations of the digital audio broadcasting and the various services.

1

2 FM

1

2 FM

3 FM . 가

1

2

3

4

1

2

3

5 FM

1

2

6

.

FM . 가

1

가

가 가 .

가

, 가가

.

가

FM

가

, , , , 가 PC

FM [3] .

가

FM

가 (RDS : Radio Data System, SCA : Subsidiary Communication Authorization) (DARC : Data Radio Channel)

. 가

. , 가

FM

. [9][10]

.

FM . 가

2 FM

1

.

$$f = f_c + f_m \cos \omega_m t \quad (f = f_m) \quad (1)$$

f_m : , : (modulation index),
 f : , f : , f_c :

FM

1

$$v(t) = \cos(\omega_c + \sin \omega_m t) \quad (2)$$

$$= \cos \omega_c t \cos(\sin \omega_m t) - \sin \omega_c t \sin(\sin \omega_m t)$$

$$= J_0(\) \cos \omega_c t$$

$$- J_1(\) [\cos(\omega_c - \omega_m)t - \cos(\omega_c + \omega_m)t]$$

$$+ J_2(\) [\cos(\omega_c - 2\omega_m)t + \cos(\omega_c + 2\omega_m)t]$$

$$- J_3(\) [\cos(\omega_c - 3\omega_m)t - \cos(\omega_c + 3\omega_m)t]$$

$$+ \dots$$

$$J_n(\) \quad J_0(\) \quad \omega_m$$

$$2\omega_m, 3\omega_m, \dots$$

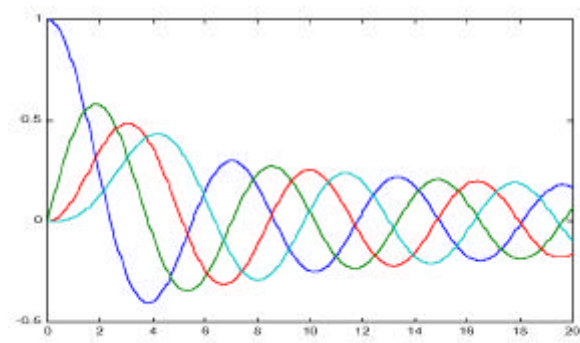
.

o FM

FM 가

.

FM . 가



1 $J_0(\quad)$, $J_1(\quad)$, $J_3(\quad)$, $J_4(\quad)$

가

가 . FM 99% 가 1 가

$$P = \frac{1}{2} J_0^2(1) + J_1^2(1) + J_2^2(1) \quad (3)$$

$$= 0.289 + 0.193 + 0.013 = 0.495$$

. 0.495 1/2 FM 99% . 98%

$n + 1$

FM

$$B = 2fm(\quad + 1) \quad (4)$$

. =5

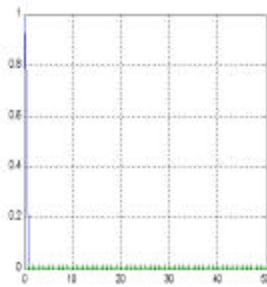
가 $fc \pm 6fm$. $f = fm$

$$B = 2(\quad f + fm) \quad (5)$$

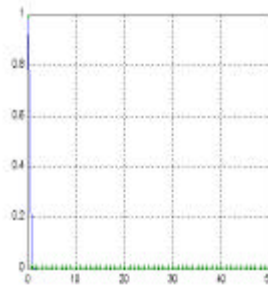
. 2 .
(Carson's rule)

1

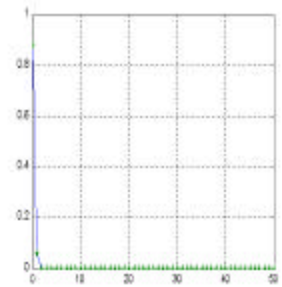
	J0	J1	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8	J9	J10
0.00	1.00										
0.25	0.98	0.12									
0.50	0.94	0.24	0.03								
1.00	0.77	0.44	0.11	0.02							
1.50	0.51	0.56	0.23	0.06	0.01						
2.00	0.22	0.58	0.35	0.13	0.03						
2.50	-0.05	0.50	0.45	0.22	0.07	0.02					
3.00	-0.26	0.34	0.49	0.31	0.13	0.04	0.01				
4.00	-0.40	-0.07	0.36	0.43	0.28	0.13	0.05	0.02			
5.00	-0.18	-0.33	0.05	0.36	0.39	0.26	0.13	0.06	0.00		
6.00	0.15	-0.28	-0.24	0.11	0.36	0.36	0.25	0.13	0.06	0.02	
7.00	0.30	0.00	-0.30	-0.17	0.16	0.35	0.34	0.23	0.13	0.06	0.02
8.00	0.17	0.23	-0.11	-0.29	0.10	0.19	0.34	0.32	0.22	0.13	0.06



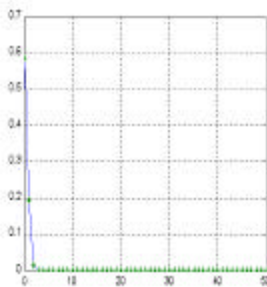
(a) =0



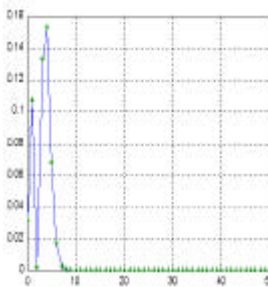
(b) =0.1



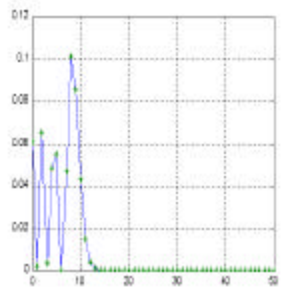
(c) =0.5



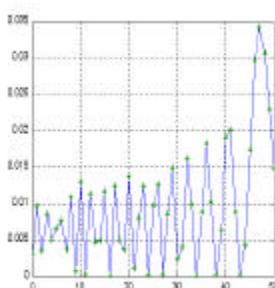
(d) =1



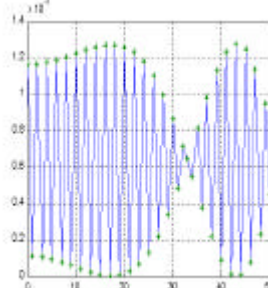
(e) =5



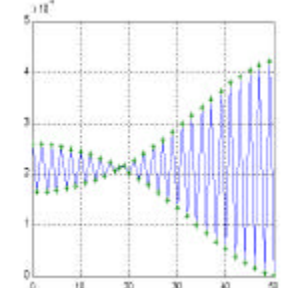
(f) =10



(g) =50



(h) =500



(i) =1500

2

FM . 가

2

	()	
	$5 < < 1500$	FM
	$0.64 < < 675$	+ FM FM
<p>+ 가</p>	$0.09 < < 675$	+ FM FM

o “ ” FM

FCC $f=75KHz$ 가
 $f=75KHz$.
 가 가 $15KHz$, $= f/fm=5$.
 5 . $=5$ $+1=6$
 $fm=15KHz$ $B=2 \times 6$
 $\times 15=180KHz$ $2 f=150KHz$ 가 . $=20$, 21
 , $B=2 \times 21 \times 15/4=157.5KHz$.

FM . 가

2 FM

FM(NBFM)

- o 1
- o AM 가
- o 가

FM(WBFM)

- o 1
- o 가
- o 가 5 FM

- o FM
- o FM AFKN 1964 10 1 ,
 , FM 1965 1966
 FM 1967
- o 가 가
- o $200KHz$
- o $\pm 75KHz$

o

가

2 가 .

FM . 가

FM 1970 2 1 , KBS- FM
1979 4 1 .

FM

[5].

o

$$M(t)=[L(t)+R(t)]+[L(t)-R(t)]\cos 2\pi f_s t+K\cos 2\pi f_p t \quad (7)$$

7 K

$$M(t)$$

$$L(t)+R(t) \quad 0 \quad 15KHz$$

$$DSB- SC \quad [L(t)-R(t)]\cos 2\pi f_s t \quad 23$$

$$53KHz \quad \text{가} \quad 38KHz \quad \text{가} .$$

$$19KHz \quad \text{가} .$$

$$M(t) ,$$

.

o

$$M(t)$$

$$. M(t) .$$

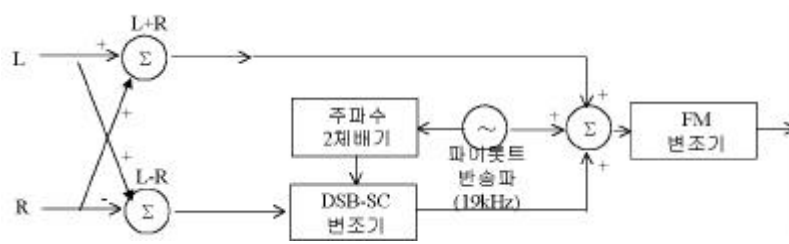
가

가

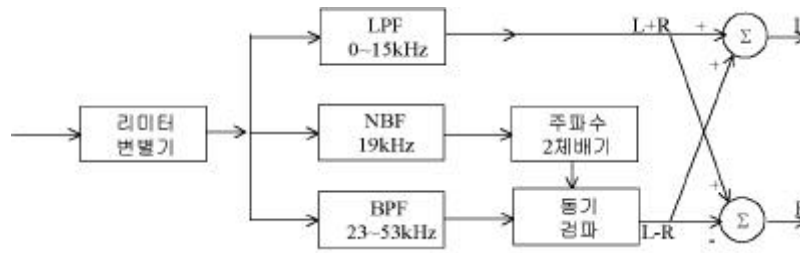
$$. L(t)-R(t) ,$$

$$L(t)+R(t) .$$

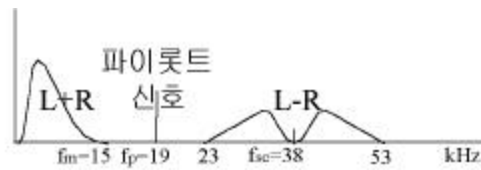
FM . 가



(a) FM



(b) FM



c)

3 FM

DSB- SC(- :double- carrier suppressed carrier) -

가

가

4KHz

$L(t) - R(t)$

$L(t) + R(t)$

,

FM . 가

$$L(t), R(t)$$

$$L(t)+R(t)$$

o

$$L+R$$

가

, FM

$$V_s=L+R \quad \text{가}$$

$$V_s \quad \pm 75KHz$$

$$V_s \quad \text{가}$$

DSB- SC

$$V_d=(L-R)\cos 2 \quad f_{sc}$$

$$V_s+V_d$$

가

$$V_s$$

$$\text{가} \quad \pm 75KHz$$

$$V_d \neq V_s$$

$$V_s$$

가

,

$$V_s$$

$$, V_d$$

$$L(t) \quad R(t) \text{가}$$

,

$$L(t)$$

$$L_m \quad R(t)$$

$$R_m$$

$$L(t) \quad R(t) \text{가}$$

FM . 가

.

$$V_{sm} = V_{m+Rm} \simeq 2Lm \simeq 2Rm \quad (9)$$

$$V_{sm} \quad .$$

$$M(t) = [L(t) + R(t)] + [L(t) - R(t)] \cos 2\pi f_{sc} t + K \cos 2\pi f_{pt} t \quad (10)$$

$$M(t) \quad , \cos 2\pi f_{sc} t + 1 - 1$$

$$, \quad . M(t) - M(t) = 2L(t)$$

$$M(t) = 2R(t) \quad . M(t)$$

$$M_m = 2L_m = 2R_m \quad . M_m = V_{sm} \quad . V_d$$

$$V_s \quad \text{가} \quad .$$

o

DSB-SC

, 가 .

가 .

,

.

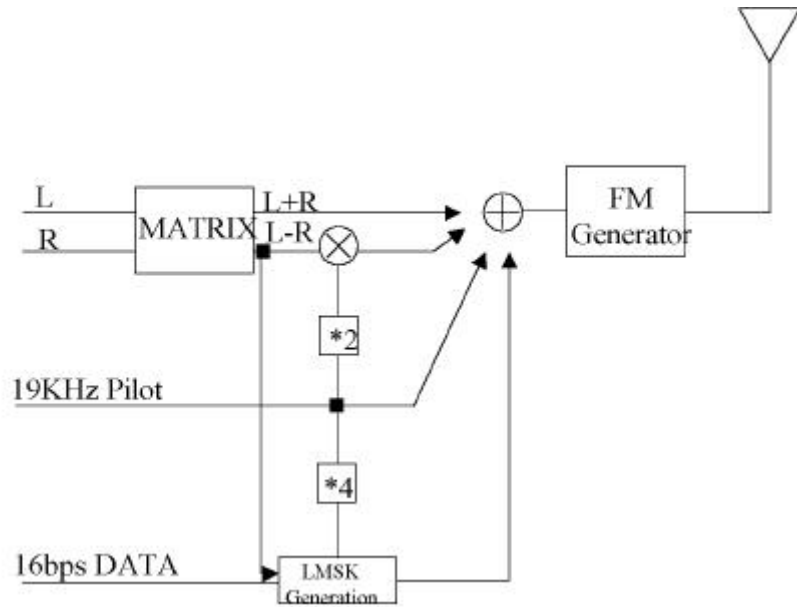
가 90% 10% 1dB

.

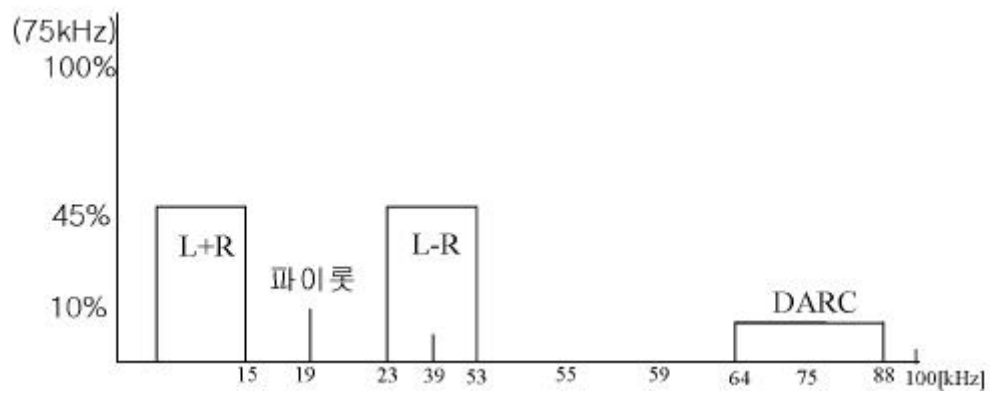
FM . 가

FM 가

o : DARC



(a) FM 가 (DARC)



(b) FM 가 (DARC)

4 FM 가

3 FM . 가

1 .

1.

3

(2)	" " 0.5 .	" "
(5)	-	3 1 : , (0()), (K.M G).
(4)	: F3E · G3E : 200KHz (F E) : 2M + 2DK(K=1)	-

o

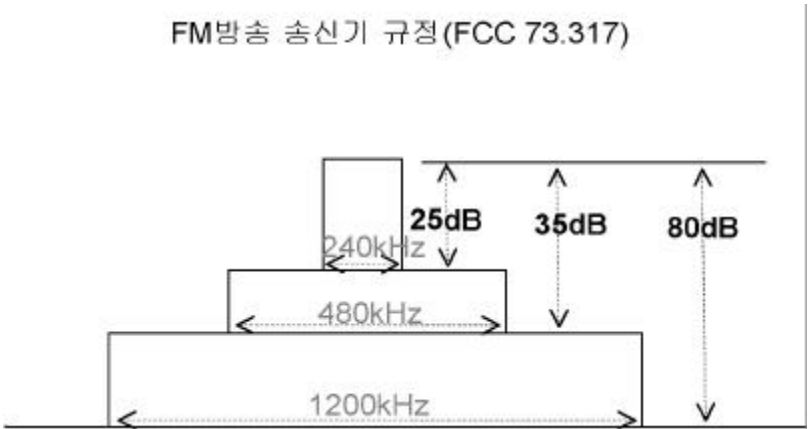
- Bn :
- M : 1
- D : 2 1 .
- K : 1(2)

2.

4 (ITU-R, RR, FCC)

RR	RR 147 " " : /2 가 /2 0.5	RR 146 " " : .
FCC	-	3 1 : 0(zero) K,M,G

0



FM . 가

o

- : Minilock()
- : IF (250, 125, 15, 7.5, 3, 0.5KHz) 가
- . , , 가 IF

-

. IF
: $2 \times (\quad + \quad) < \text{IF}$
. (180KHz), (260KHz), 가 (300KHz) 가

5 IF [2]

IF (KHz)	IF /2(KHz)	(KHz)
250	125	73.9
125	62.5	69
15	7.5	11
7.5	3.75	
3	1.5	0.8
1	0.5	0.3

2

1.

RR, FCC,

.

FM . 가

6 FM

FM	가	()
FM	180KF3E	2M + 2DK(K=1)
FM	260KF8E F9E	
FM 가	300KF9W	

o

- : $B_n = 2M + 2DK$

. B_n : , F_{max} :

. D : , K : 1

-

. $B_n = 2M + 2DK$

$$= (2 \times 15\text{KHz}) + (2 \times 75\text{KHz} \times 1) = 180\text{KHz}$$

-

. $B_n = 2M + 2DK$

$$= (2 \times 53\text{KHz}) + (2 \times 75\text{KHz} \times 1) = 256\text{KHz}$$

- . 가

. $B_n = 2M + 2DK$

$$= (2 \times 74.5\text{KHz}) + (2 \times 75\text{KHz} \times 1) = 299\text{KHz}$$

D

“ ”

“ (75KHz)”

ITU- R

D “

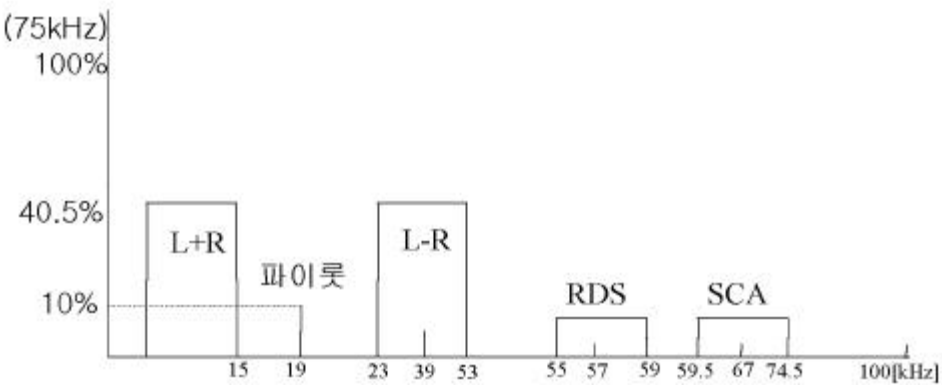
2 1”

.

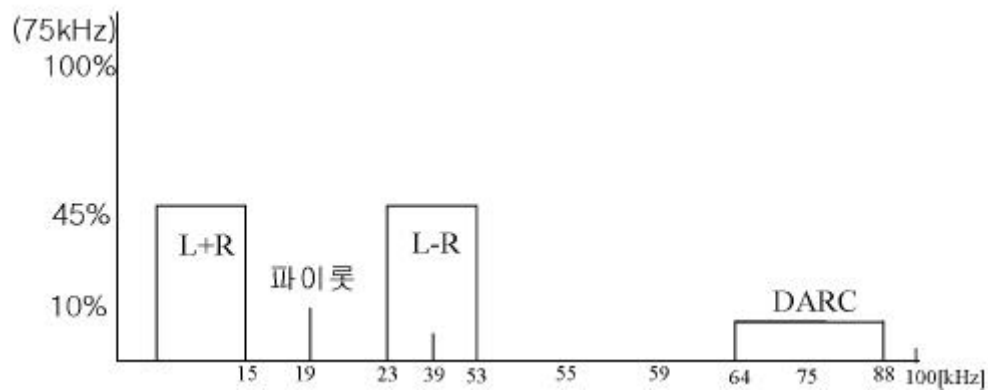
2.

7 $B_n=2f_{mx}+2DK$

		ITU- R FCC
	$B_n=2M+2DK$	$B_n=2M+2DK$
Bn		ITU- R SM.1138
M	1	
D	2 1.	1/2, Peak deviation
K		



FM . 가



7 DARC 가

$$K=1, \quad 100\% \quad D=1 \times 75\text{KHz}=75\text{KHz}$$

$$B_n = 2 \times 15\text{KHz} + 2 \times 75\text{KHz} \times 1 = 180\text{KHz}$$

$$K=1, \quad 45\% \quad D=0.45 \times 75\text{KHz}=33.75\text{KHz}$$

$$B_n = 2 \times 53\text{KHz} + 2 \times 33.75\text{KHz} \times 1 = 173.5\text{KHz}$$

가 (SCA · RDS)

$$K=1, \quad 40.5\% \quad D=0.405 \times 75\text{KHz}=30.375\text{KHz}$$

$$B_n = 2 \times 53\text{KHz} + 2 \times 30.375\text{KHz} \times 1 = 166.75\text{KHz}$$

$$K=1, \quad 11\% \quad D=0.11 \times 75\text{KHz}=8.25\text{KHz}$$

$$B_n = 2 \times 75\text{KHz} + 2 \times 8.25\text{KHz} \times 1 = 166.5\text{KHz}$$

166.75KHz가 .

가 (DARC)

$$K=1, \quad 45\% \quad D=0.45 \times 75\text{KHz}=33.75\text{KHz}$$

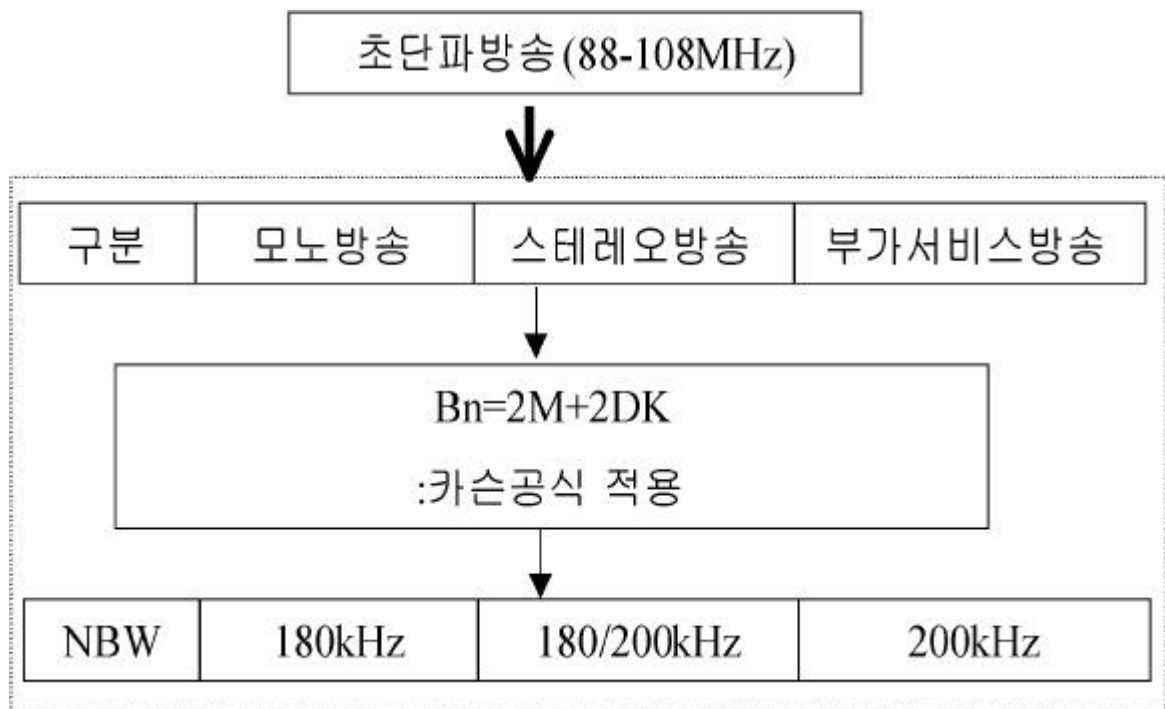
$$B_n = 2 \times 53\text{KHz} + 2 \times 33.75\text{KHz} \times 1 = 173.5\text{KHz}$$

$$K=1, \quad 10\% \quad D=0.10 \times 75\text{KHz}=7.5\text{KHz}$$

$$B_n = 2 \times 88\text{KHz} + 2 \times 7.5\text{KHz} \times 1 = 181\text{KHz}$$

181KHz가 .

FM . 가



8

D

180KHz,

180KHz, 200KHz, 가, 200KHz, D.

3

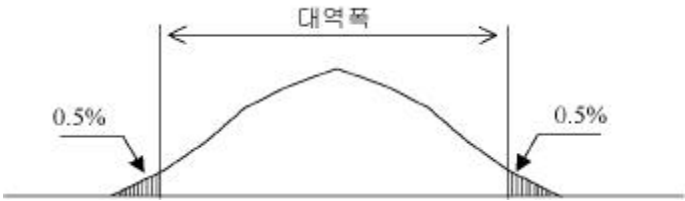
1.

O

$$n \qquad \qquad \qquad P i \qquad \qquad \qquad .$$

FM . 가

$$P_i = \sum_{i=0}^n A_i \tag{11}$$



9

o

가

0.5%가 . “ ”
.

o

가

0.5%가 . “ ”
.

o

“ ”_ “ ” [KHz], [MHz]

.

2.

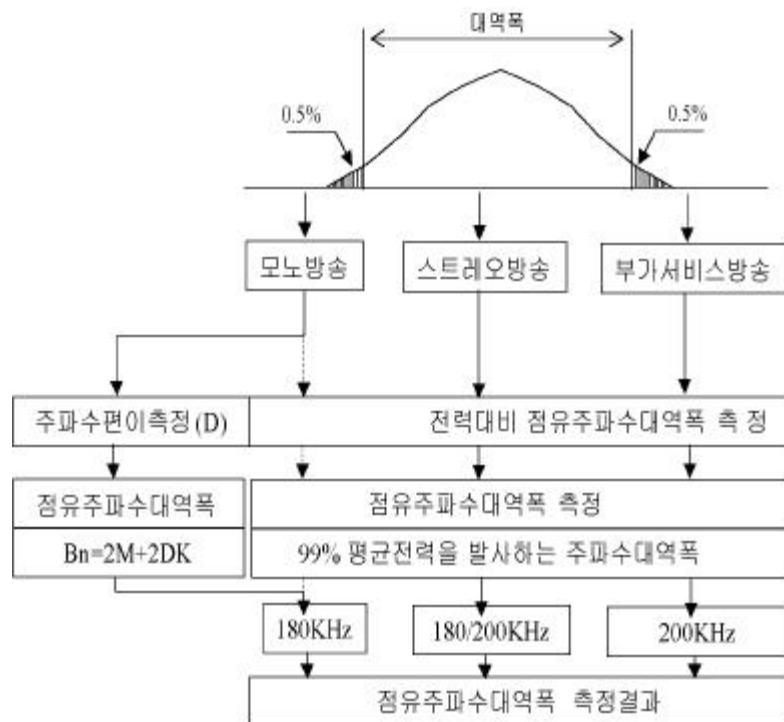
(:)

2 3 ,

3KHz , 400 , Scale 10[dB/Div],

, 가 5

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



“ (‘99.10.2,)” 가

82.5KHz(110%)

75KHz(100%)

FM . 가

4

1

[4] FM 가
DARC 가 - 26dB 99%
200KHz

2

[2][9][18]

o ITU-R : ITU-R 0.05Bn
200KHz
10KHz

o :
2 3.5Bn, 0.03Bn ,
Video , 400
Scale 10[dB/Div], 5
200KHz 6KHz

o :
가
('96.7) 0.001875Bn

FM . 가

3

:

o : 1999. 1.22 13:00

o :

o : HP8266B

o [1]

- 99%

- 93.9, 103.5, 107.7MHz FM

o (RBW, VBW)

o 200KHz

9 RBW/VBW : 3/10KHz

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	10KHz	400KHz	AUTO	10dB		1/5/100/200	0dBm
	95.9MHz	103.5MHz	107.7MHz				
	(KHz)	(KHz)	(KHz)				
1	125	102	119				Span 400/500
5	163	134	139				
100	184	148	159				
200	182 (SPAN500:185)	150 (SPAN500:154)	162 (SPAN500:176)				

10 RBW/VBW : 3/3KHz

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	400KHz	AUTO	10dB		1/5/100/200	0dBm
	95.9MHz	103.5MHz	107.7MHz				
	(KHz)	(KHz)	(KHz)				
1	90	56	138				
5	158	118	156				
100	166	150	159				
200	176	148	160				

11 RBW/VBW : 10/3KHz

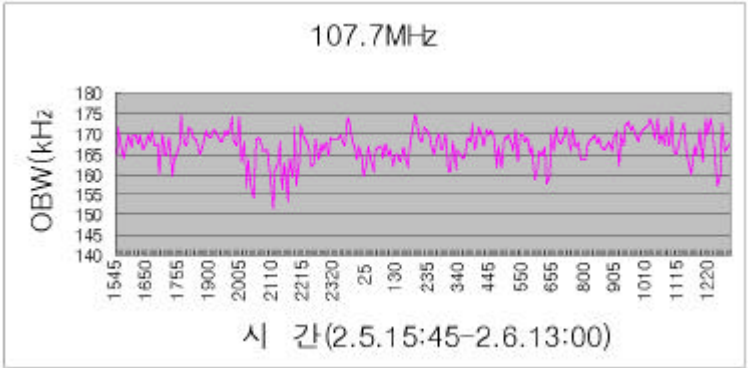
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	3KHz	400KHz	AUTO	10dB		1/5/100/200	0dBm
	95.9MHz	103.5MHz	107.7MHz				
	(KHz)	(KHz)	(KHz)				
1	-	-	-				
5	-	-	-				
100	-	-	-				
200	184 (SPAN500:186)	154 (SPAN500:153)	148 (SPAN500:156)				

12 RBW/VBW : 10/10KHz

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	10KHz	400KHz	AUTO	10dB		1/5/100/200	0dBm
	95.9MHz	103.5MHz	107.7MHz				
	(KHz)	(KHz)	(KHz)				
1	-	-	-				
5	-	-	-				
100	-	-	-				
200	188 (SPAN500:189)	162 (SPAN500:162)	176 (SPAN500:170)				

13 1

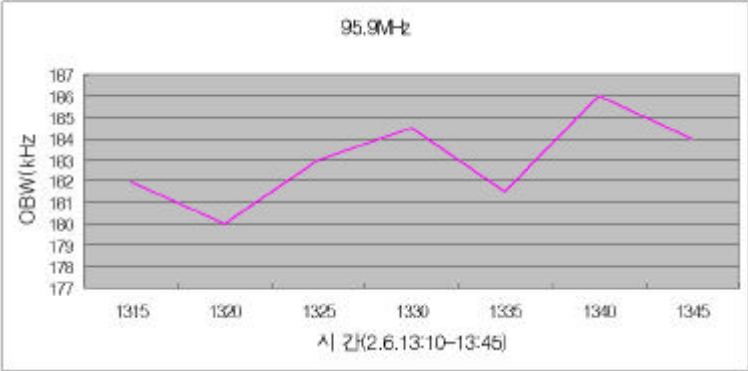
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	10KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



11 107.70MHz (175KHz)

14 2

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	10KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm

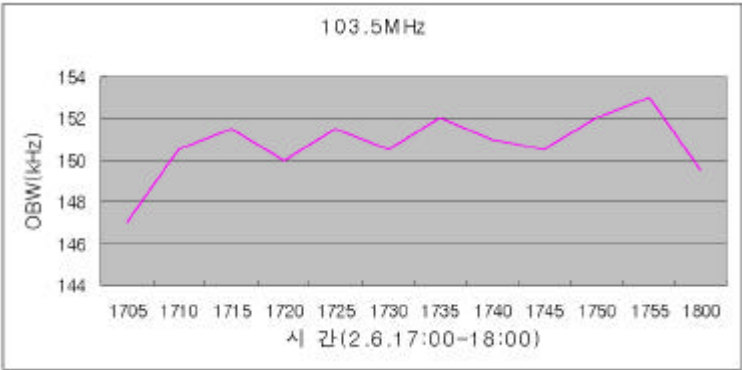


12 95.90MHz (186KHz)

FM . 가

15 3

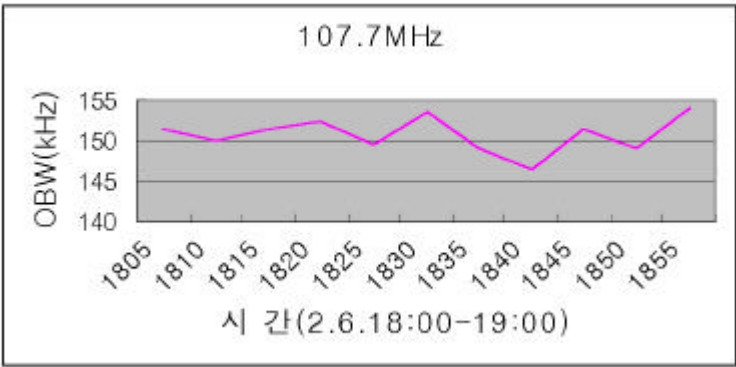
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



13 103.50MHz (153KHz)

16 4

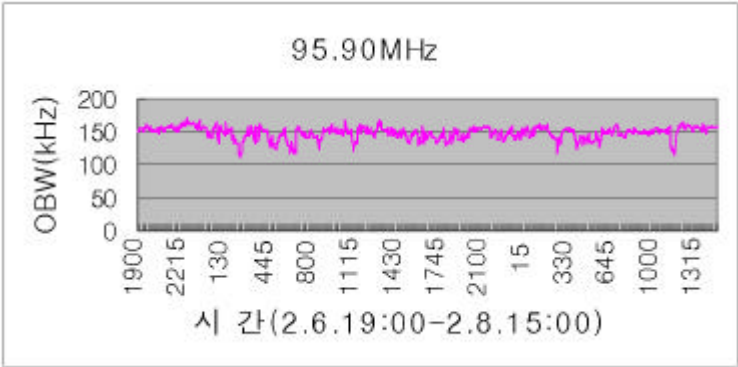
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



14 107.70MHz (155KHz)

17 5

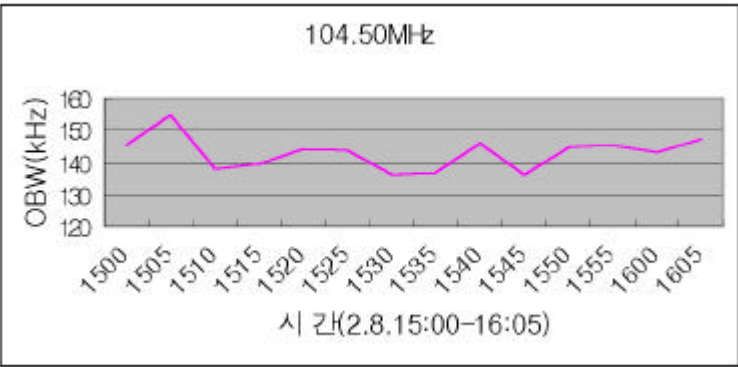
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



15 95.90MHz (170KHz)

18 6

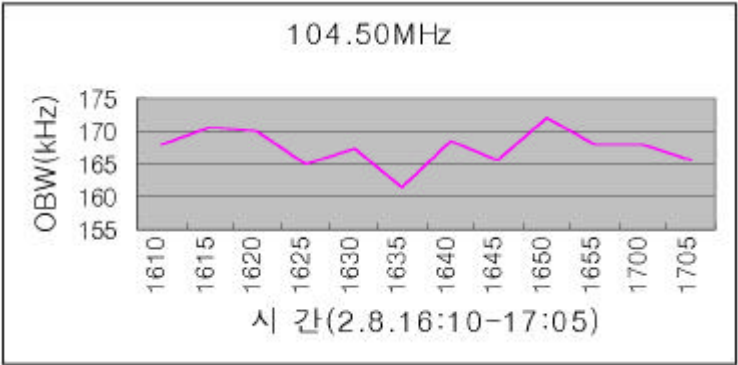
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



16 104.5MHz (155KHz)

19 7

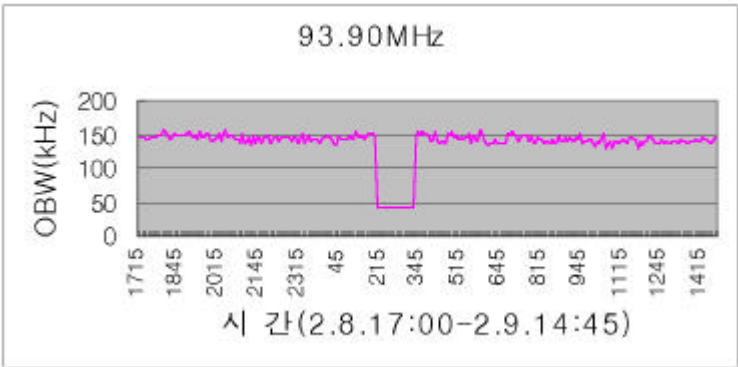
RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	10KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



17 104.5MHz (172KHz)

20 8

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
3KHz	3KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm

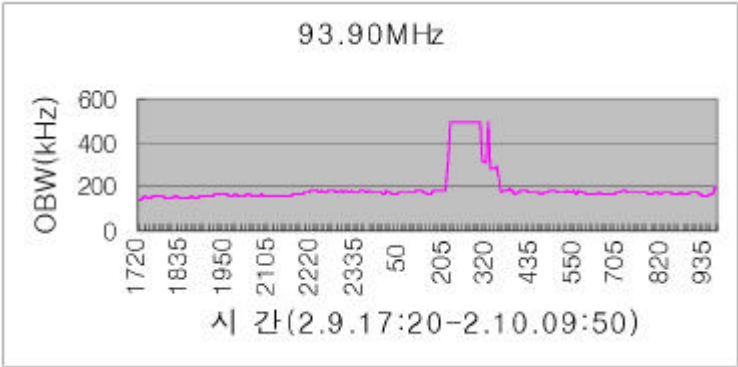


18 93.90MHz (160KHz)

FM . 가

21 9

RBW	VBW	SPAN					
10KHz	10KHz	500KHz	AUTO	10dB		5	0dBm



19 93.90MHz (185KHz)

18 19 02:00 03:30

'99.2.5() 2.10.() 5

FM

200KHz

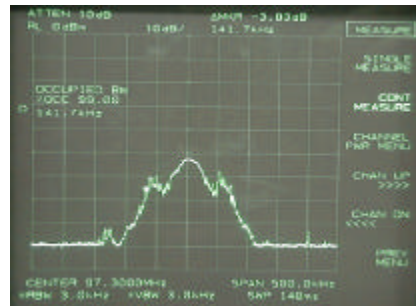
18 170KHz

가

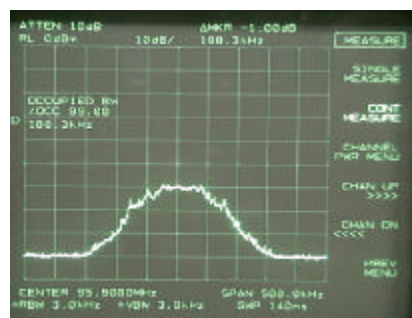
	<p>o : 1999.1.31 22:00 04:00</p> <p>o : (9)</p> <p>o</p> <p>- On- Air 3 FM 가 , ,</p> <p>- MBC</p> <p>-</p> <p>o (Spectrum Analyzer)</p> <p>- RBW(Resolution Bandwidth) : 3.0KHz</p> <p>- Sweep Time : Auto</p>
	<p>o 3 On- Air FM</p> <p>- 99%</p> <p>. KBS : 141.7KHz(20)</p> <p>. MBC : 188.3KHz(21)</p> <p>. SBS : 166.7KHz(22)</p> <p>- - 26dB</p> <p>. KBS : 172.5KHz</p> <p>. MBC : 258.8KHz</p> <p>. SBS : 208.8KHz</p> <p>- MBC (1KHz Tone 가)</p> <p>(99%)</p> <p>. DARC Off : 173.3KHz</p> <p>. DARC On : 181.7KHz</p>

FM . 가

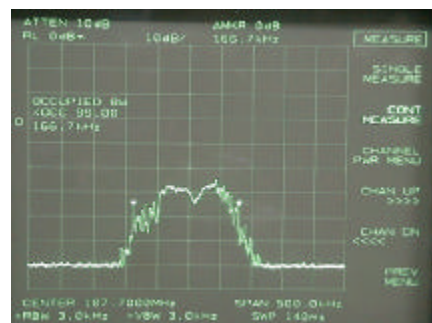
0



20 KBS(97.3MHz) : + 가 (SCA)



21 MBC(95.9MHz) : + 가 (DARC)



22 SBS(107.7MHz) :

5 FM

1

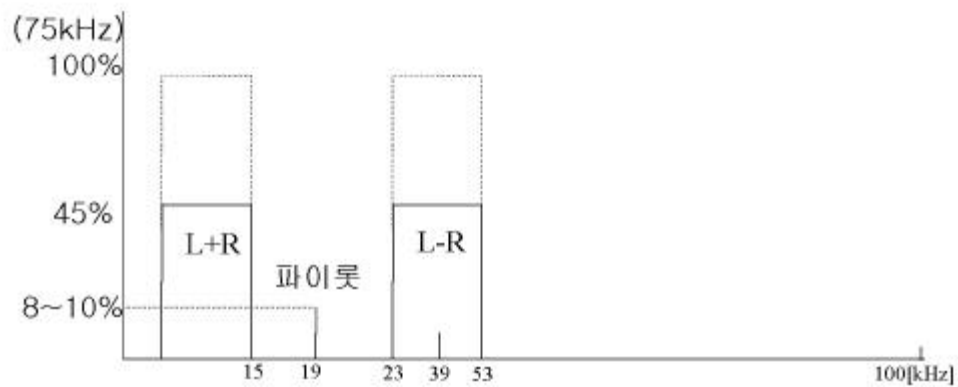
23 “ ” - (’99.10.2)

-	1996- 5	
1.	.	1.
가.	:	
.	:	
.	() : - -	
.	: - -	
2.	(2.
“ ”) 44 1 .		
3.	15,000Hz .	3.
4.		4.
.		
5.		5.
.		
가. - -		
. - -		
. - -		
. - -		
. - -		
. - -		
.	[1] .	
6.	가	6.
	5	
.		
가. . : - -		

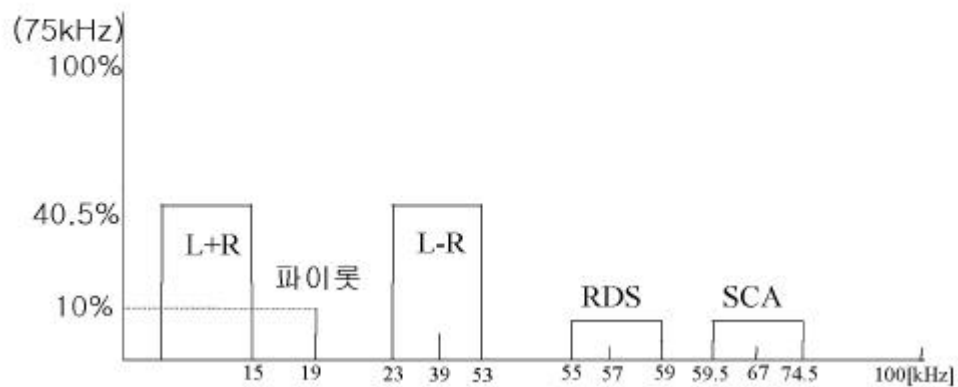
FM . 가

- 1996- 5		
7.	가	7.
	4 5	
가. . : -	-	
8.	가	8.
	4 7	
가. . : -	-	
	[5]	

[별표1] FM 스테레오의 변조주파수 및 최대편이



[별표5]SCA와 RDS를 포함한 FM스테레오방송 스펙트럼



§ Sec. 73.319 FM multiplex subcarrier technical standards.

(a) The technical specifications in this Section apply to all transmissions of FM multiplex subcarriers except those used for stereophonic sound broadcasts under the provisions of Sec. 73.322.

(b) Modulation. Any form of modulation may be used for subcarrier operation.

(c) Subcarrier baseband. (1) During monophonic program transmissions, multiplex subcarriers and their significant sidebands must be within the range of 20 KHz to 99 KHz.

(2) During stereophonic sound program transmissions (see Sec. 73.322), multiplex subcarriers and their significant sidebands must be within the range of 53 KHz to 99 KHz.

(3) During periods when broadcast programs are not being transmitted, multiplex subcarriers and their significant sidebands must be within the range of 20 KHz to 99 KHz.

(d) Subcarrier injection.

(1) During monophonic program transmissions, modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers may not exceed 30% referenced to 75 KHz modulation deviation. However, the modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers above 75 KHz may not modulate the carrier by more than 10%.

(2) During stereophonic program transmissions, modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers may not exceed 20% referenced to 75 KHz modulation deviation. However, the modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers above 75 KHz may not modulate the carrier by more than 10%.

(3) During periods when no broadcast program service is transmitted, modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers may not exceed 30% referenced to 75 KHz modulation deviation. However, the modulation of the carrier by the arithmetic sum of all subcarriers above 75 KHz may not modulate the carrier by more than 10%.

(4) Total modulation of the carrier wave during transmission of multiplex subcarriers used for subsidiary communications services must comply with the provisions Sec. 73.1570(b).

(e) Subcarrier generators may be installed and used with a type accepted FM broadcast transmitter without specific authorization from the FCC provided the generator can be connected to the transmitter without requiring any mechanical or electrical modifications in the transmitter FM exciter circuits.

(f) Stations installing multiplex subcarrier transmitting equipment must ensure the proper suppression of spurious or harmonic radiations. See Secs. 73.317, 73.1590 and 73.1690. If the subcarrier operation causes the station's transmissions not to comply with the technical provisions for FM broadcast stations or causes harmful interference to other communication services, the licensee or permittee must correct the problem promptly or cease operation. The licensee may be required to verify the corrective measures with supporting data. Such data must be retained

25 “FM ”

	“FM ”	
1.	<div>(1)</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>30%</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>10%</div> <div>.</div>	<div>(1)</div> <p>The graph shows a mono signal spectrum. The y-axis represents power in dB, with markers at 100% (75kHz), 45%, and 10%. The x-axis represents frequency in kHz, with markers at 50, 15, 19, 23, 53, 75, and 99. A box indicates that the total power of the mono signal is 100% at 75kHz. A text box states: '무가서비스 [무반송파의 합이 30% 이내, 단, 기저대역 75kHz 이상 무반송파의 합은 10% 이내]'.</p>
2.	<div>(2)</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>20%</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>10%</div> <div>.</div>	<div>(2)</div> <p>The graph shows a stereo signal spectrum with L+R and L-R components. The y-axis represents power in dB, with markers at 100% (75kHz), 45%, and 10%. The x-axis represents frequency in kHz, with markers at 50, 15, 19, 23, 53, 75, and 99. A box indicates that the total power of the L+R signal is 100% at 75kHz. A text box states: '무가서비스 [무반송파의 합이 20% 이내, 단, 기저대역 75kHz 이상 무반송파의 합은 10% 이내]'.</p>
3.	<div>(3)</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>30%</div> <div>75KHz</div> <div>10%</div> <div>.</div>	<div>(3)</div>
4.	<div>(4) 가</div> <div>110%</div> <div>(82.5KHz)</div> <div>.</div>	<div>(4)</div>

FM . 가

2

가

가

가 .

96.1 FM 가 RDS SCA
(: DARC) SCA (64
74.5KHz) DARC

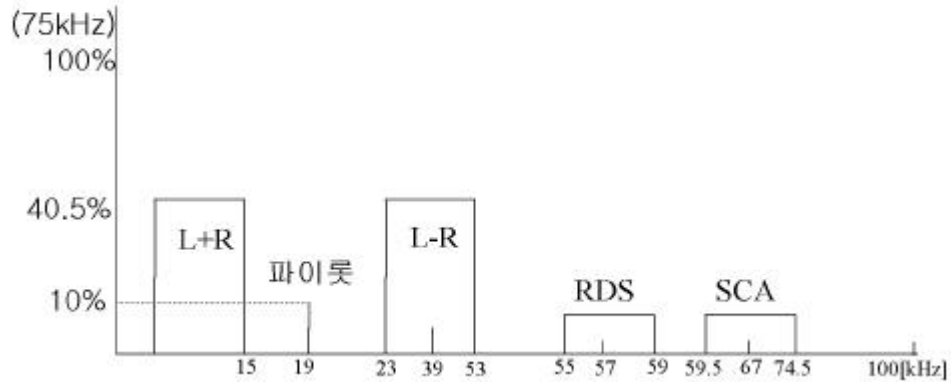
RDS SCA 가

FM 가 .

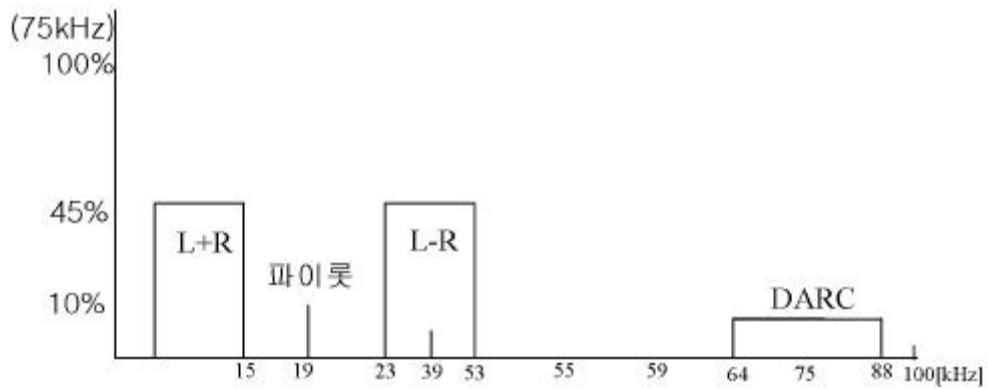
가

23 ('99.10.2) 가 RDS
SCA 가 , 24
가 , 25 가 .

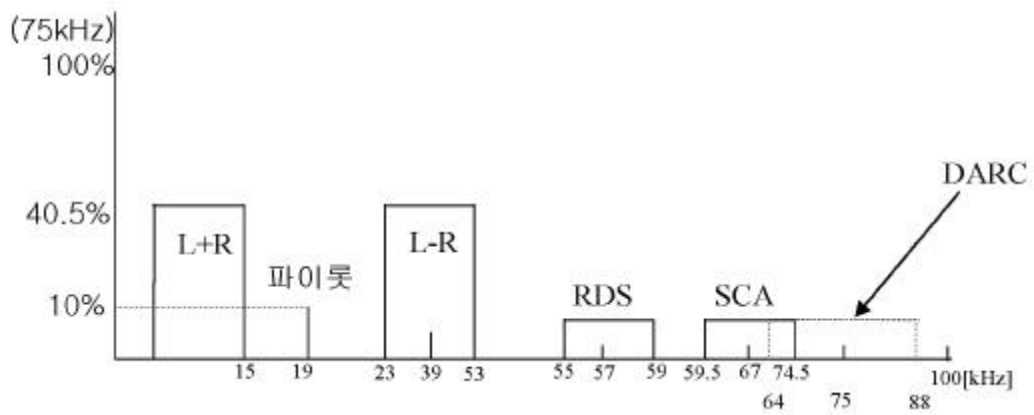
[별표5]SCA와 RDS를 포함한 FM스테레오방송 스펙트럼



23 “ ” (‘99.10.2)



24 DARC 가



25 FM 가

FM . 가

(‘99. 10. 2)

1. .

가. :

. :

. () : ()

. :

2. (‘ ,

) 44 1 .

3. 15, 000Hz .

4. ,

[1] .

5.

.

가. .

. 19KHz .

. 44 1

8% 10% .

. (38KHz)

(+)

.

.

.

.

가

44 1

45%

.

.

[2] .

FM . 가

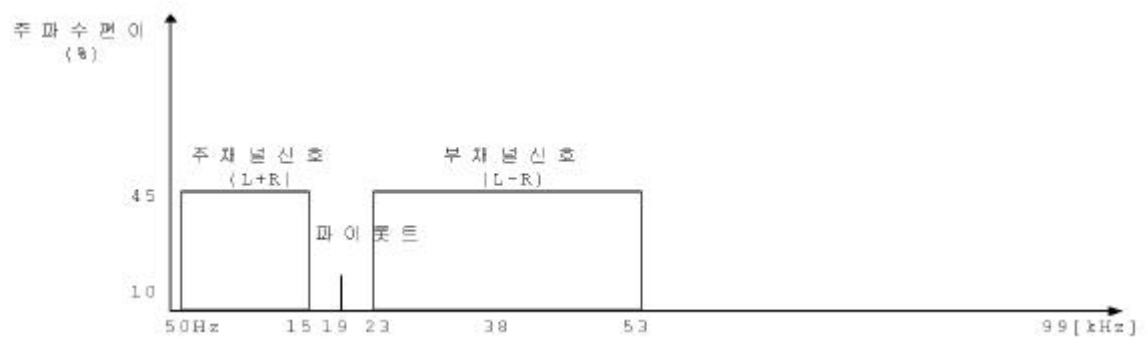
6. 가 FM . FM
- 가. FM 가 .
- . FM 가 .
- (1) , [3]
- 20KHz 99KHz ,
- (2) , [4]
- 53KHz 99KHz ,
- (3) ,
- 20KHz 99KHz .
- (1) ,
- 44 1
- 20% .
- (2) ,
- 44 1
- 20% .
- (3) ,
- 44 1
- 20% .
- (4) (1), (2), (3) 75KHz 99KHz
- 44
- 1 10% .
- (5) 가
- 44 1
- 110% .
- (FM)
- , FM

FM 가

[1] FM



[2] FM

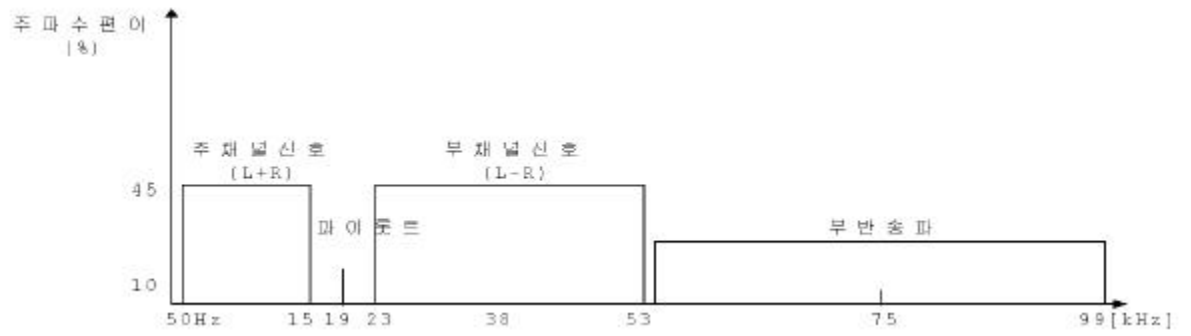


[3] FM



[4]

FM



o FM

- 가

FM

“

”

o

- 가

, FM

가

. (6)

. (7)

.

(8)

. FM

FM

가

(6)

6

.

.

FM

가

가

. 가 FM

가

.

가

가

.

. 가 .

가

.

- [1] , , , , *FM 가* , , p.286 290, 1999.5.7.
- [2] , , , , 1997.
- [3] & & , *가* *FM RF* , , 1997.7.
- [4] , *가 FM* , , *FM 가 ITS* , , p.193 209, 1998.9.10.
- [5] , , , 1998.
- [6] , , 1996.7.
- [7] , , , 1994.
- [8] , , , , , , 1993.
- [9] RAPA , () , , 1998.11.
- [10] , , 1998.9.30.
- [11] (RR : Radio Regulations).
- [12] FCC CFR Part 73- Radio Broadcast services, 1996.
- [13] ITU- R SM.1138, *Determination of Necessary Bandwidths Including Examples for Their Calculation and Associated Examples for the Designation of Emissions*, 1995.
- [14] ITU- R SM.328- 9, *Spectrum and Bandwidth of Emissions*, 1997.
- [15] ITU- R SM.443- 2, *Bandwidth Measurement at Monitoring Stations*, 1995.
- [16] ITU- R SM.853- 1, *Necessary Bandwidth*, 1997.
- [17] <http://www.fcc.gov>
- [18] <http://www.itu.ch>